

Real operation pem fuel cells HEALTH-state monitoring and diagnosis based on dc-dc Converter embedded EIS

DISSEMINATION

Papers (3 Published - 2 Under Submission)

Characterization of an H₂/O₂ PEMFC Short-Stack Performance Aimed to Health-State Monitoring and Diagnosis
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 Received June 22, 2017; accepted September 07, 2017; published online November 06, 2017

Application of Buckingham π theorem for scaling-up oriented fast modeling of Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell impedance
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Abstract
 Proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC) is one of the most promising technologies in energy conversion. Nevertheless, improper operating conditions can severely affect the fuel cell (FC) lifespan. It is a matter of fact that several degradation mechanisms could take place inside the cell in case of abnormal operating conditions. Among these, improper water management, fuel quality and starvation conditions can show critical effects on PEMFC performance. Furthermore, if the exposure time to these faulty conditions resulted quite long, irreversible degradation and system ageing would occur. This work aims to investigate the impact of

ABSTRACT
 This work focuses on the development of a fast PEMFC impedance model, both starting from both physical and generalised variables. Buckingham's theorem is proposed to define non-dimensional parameters that allow variable scaling for characterizing the physical variables involved in the process under study in the impedance domain. This approach is useful to reduce the number of parameters, while the dimensional analysis is used to build a comprehensive model. The model is validated by comparing the results with the experimental data. The model is then used to study the impact of the operating conditions on the PEMFC performance. The model is also used to study the impact of the operating conditions on the PEMFC performance. The model is also used to study the impact of the operating conditions on the PEMFC performance.

- Generalized scaling-up approach based on Buckingham theorem for Polymer Electrolyte Membrane Fuel Cells impedance simulation. Polverino, P.; Bove, G.; Sorrentino, M. ICAE2018, published on Energy Procedia – Selected for Applied Energy Special Issue submission.
- Under submission: 2 journal papers dealing with the state of the art of diagnostics techniques and PEMFC faults, respectively.

Conferences and events

- 6th Int. European PEFC & Electrolyser Forum 2017
- Electrochemical Science and Technology Conference and Annual Meeting of The Danish Electrochemical Society 2017
- IEEE, Vehicle Power and Propulsion Conference, 2017
- Fundamentals & Development of Fuel Cells, 2017
- 7th EFC "Piero Lunghi" Conference, 2017
- FCH2JU Review Days 2016 – 2017 – 2018

Public Deliverables*

- D5.1 System Testing Procedure
 - D5.3 Diagnostic Tool Final Validation
 - D6.1 Project Website
 - D6.6 Workshop N.1
 - D6.7 Final Demonstration Workshop N.2
- *available on project website + public abstract

Students involvement

- 2 PhD students
- 1 master + 6 bachelor students

Deliverable D2.1
 Technical specifications and test procedure

The HEALTH-CODE project focuses on the development of an Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy (EIS)-based diagnostic and prognostic tool to be validated in laboratory environment, first under controlled conditions and then under simulated real operation.

The main objective of this project is to develop a diagnostic tool that can be used to monitor the health state of a PEMFC stack. The tool is based on the use of electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS), which provides effective information on stack electrochemistry. These results are more accurate for monitoring areas compared to conventional techniques, which are based on the collection and the processing of several indirect measures (e.g. voltage, current, temperature, pressure, etc.). With the objective of developing a tool that should be implementable in any system, attention will be given to the problem of making it as general as possible, which is to say, it will be able to be used in a wide range of applications. It is worth mentioning that future straightforward implementations are also envisaged for APU, mobile and automotive systems, and other electrochemical devices (batteries, electrolyzers) which may benefit from the tool for monitoring and diagnosis.

HEALTH-CODE will face the challenge of delivering a monitoring and diagnostic tool able to evaluate the current state of health of a Proton Exchange Membrane Fuel Cell (PEMFC) stack (up to 100 kW) and back-up (2 kW) applications, equipped with different stacks and running under real operating conditions.

The project deals with 5 main fields:

- Water management (drying, flooding)
- Fuel quality change (contaminants)
- Sulfur poisoning
- Fuel starvation
- Oxygen starvation

Dedicated diagnostic algorithms will be developed on the basis of the acquired EIS data and test results will support the development and tuning of the hardware dedicated to the final device. This document aims at creating a Test Protocol for PEMFC stacks (TPM) and a diagnostic tool (DTP) in order to create available data for training diagnostic algorithms to be embedded on a final real-time diagnostic tool dedicated to the previously mentioned techniques. In order to assure reproducibility and laboratory interoperability, this test protocol has been based on the exploitation of previous FCH2JU projects dealing with PEM stack testing, characterization and EIS identification (ref. [1, 2]), and it has been adapted to HEALTH-CODE project purposes through the exploitation of partners' expertise (ref. [3]).

WORKSHOPS & COMMUNICATION

Joint workshop HEALTH-CODE-DIAMOND

Luzern (July 2017) - 6th International European PEFC & Electrolyser Forum.

- 45+ Participants
- 16 presentations (1 speech from industry + 1 special contribution)
- 100+ Flyers distributed



Joint workshop HEALTH-CODE-INSIGHT

Brussels (November 2018) – PRD2018

- 60+ Participants
- 12 presentations (3 speeches from industry)
- Future exploitation focus



Communication materials

- 2 flyers & 3 FCH JU posters
- 3 posters
- 1 video (on-board EIS diagnosis) on the website

EXPLOITATION

I-CATAPULT 2018*



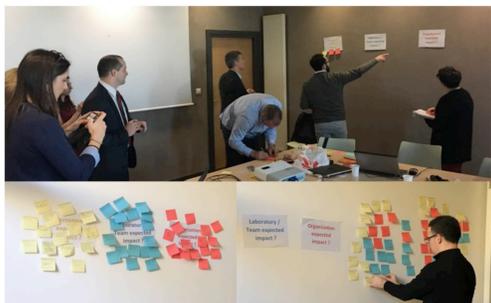
Capture innovations at an early stage and develop new ideas in a bottom-up process for the four strategic axis:

- Smart and Sustainable City
- Local Multi-Energy Systems
- Low Carbon Hydrogen Solutions (HEALTH-CODE)
- Energy Transition, Markets and Environment
- Cross-cutting topic of Data Science

* EIFER innovation challenge

IMPACT ASSESSMENT

An internal workshop on impact assessment was held during the 4th project meeting in Belfort (February, 2017). It was chaired by Absiskey who organized the workshop into three sessions.



Aim: to collect "genuine" ideas on how the project will impact at personal, laboratory/team and organization levels. During the session the partners provided their vision on how this RIA project would impact after its closure.

SSERR "How to turn concept into Business"

Support Services for Exploitation of Research Results

The Lean Canvas

Problem Top 3 problems Expensive, large and complex equipments Quality of measurements To many device Alternative Solutions Impedance device manufacturers	Solution Top 3 features Algorithm (SW) B. board (HW) Converter (HW) Key Metrics Key activities you measure Time of processing Number of fails Accuracy index	Unique Value Proposition Providing data analysis autonomously and custom made for the FC sector	Unfair Advantage Can't be easily copied or bought Patent	Customer Segments Target customers University labs Company labs End of Line (EoL) test rigs Early adopters Fuel Cell technicians Spin off
Cost Structure people distribution administration patents facilities IT HW Support	Revenue Streams Sell the device (HW) License the algorithm (SW)			

PRODUCT MARKET