



2nd Advanced User School

EU FT-ICR MS

Pushing the capacity of the FT-ICR MS for the analysis of biooils to a higher level

Presented by : Anthony ABOU DIB

2nd year PhD student

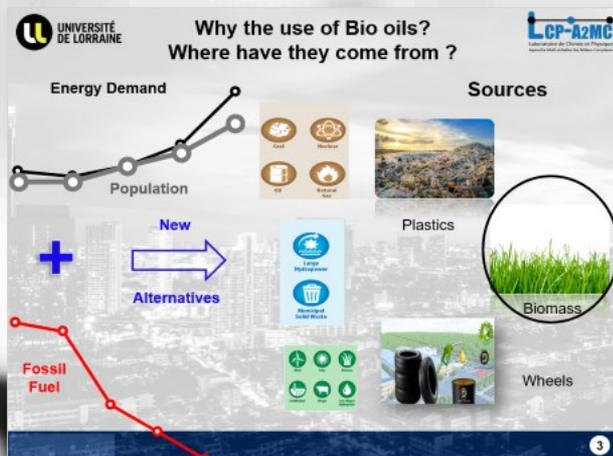
Supervisors : Frédéric AUBRIET

Vincent CARRE

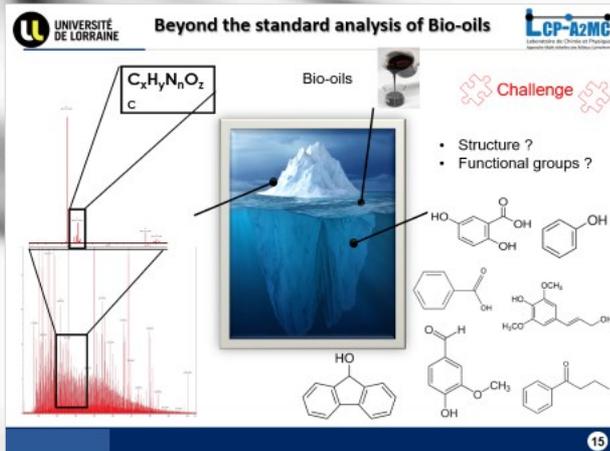
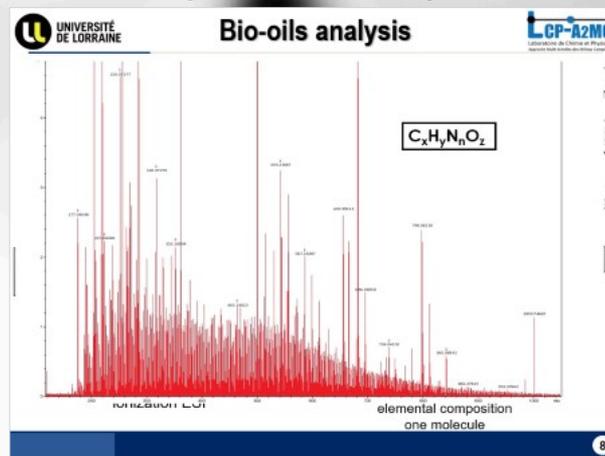


Presentation Plan

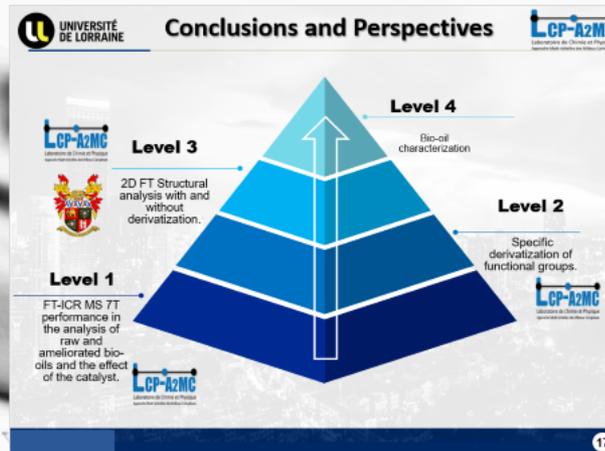
General context



Experimental part



Experimental part

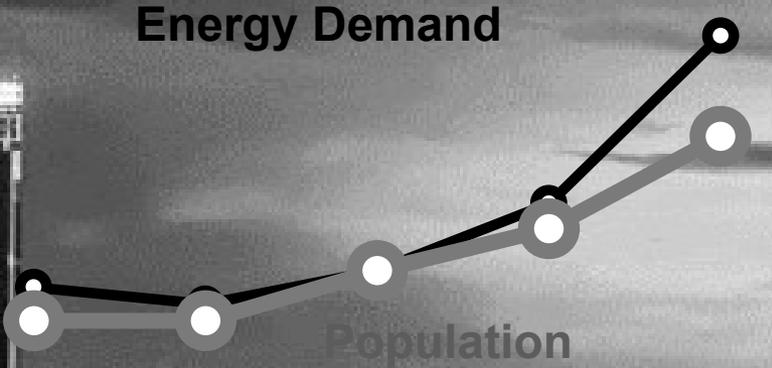


Conclusion and perspectives

Why the use of Bio oils? Where have they come from ?

Energy Demand

Sources



Plastics



Biomass

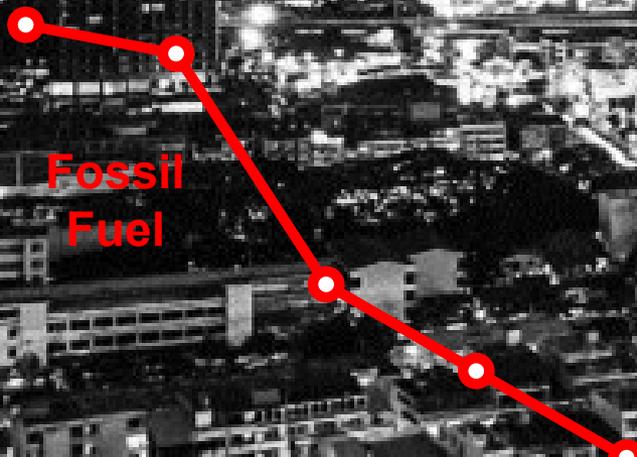


Wheels



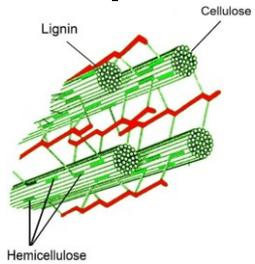
New
→
Alternatives

Fossil
Fuel

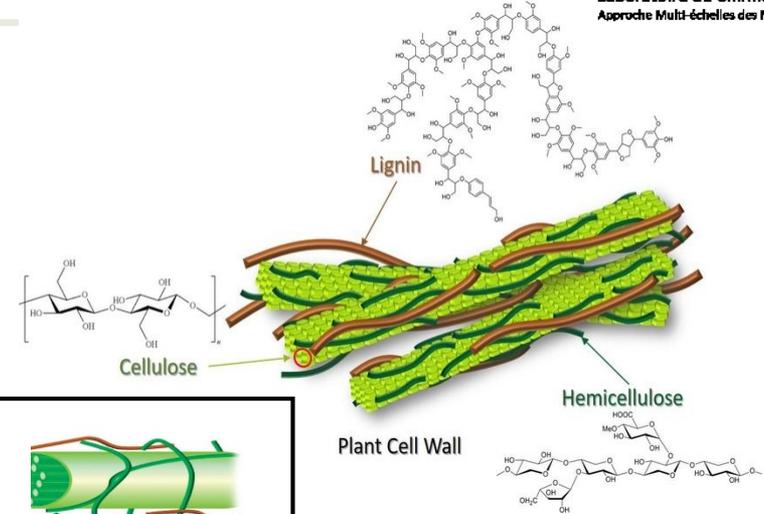
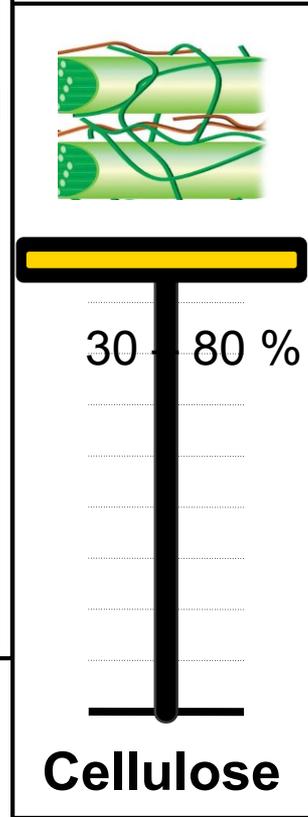
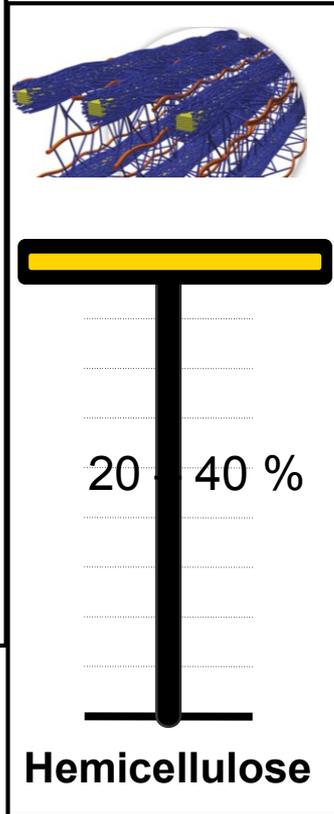
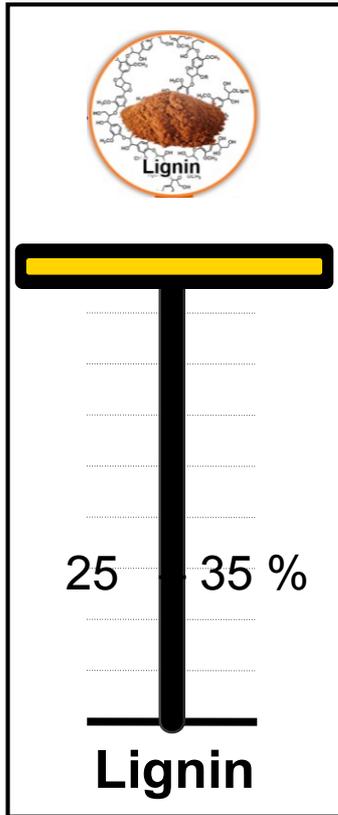




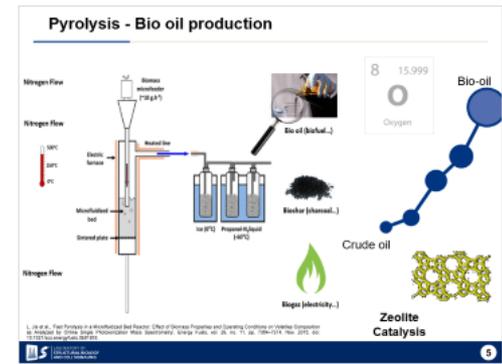
Animal Feed



Human Feed



Plant Cell Wall

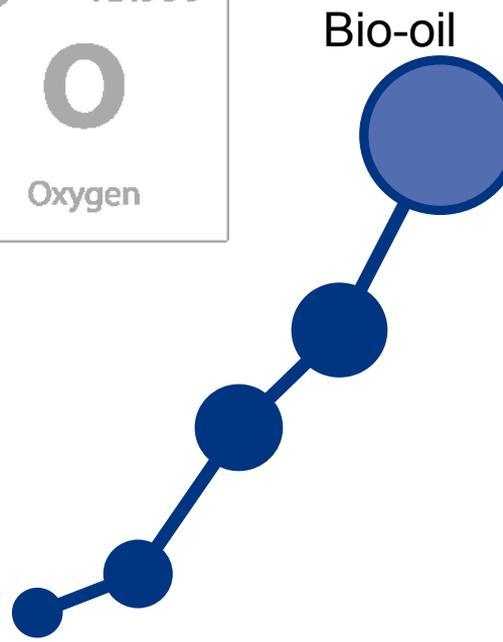
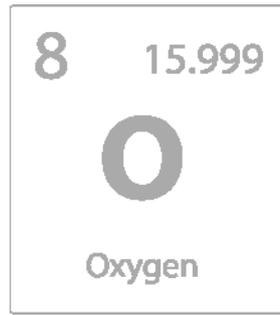
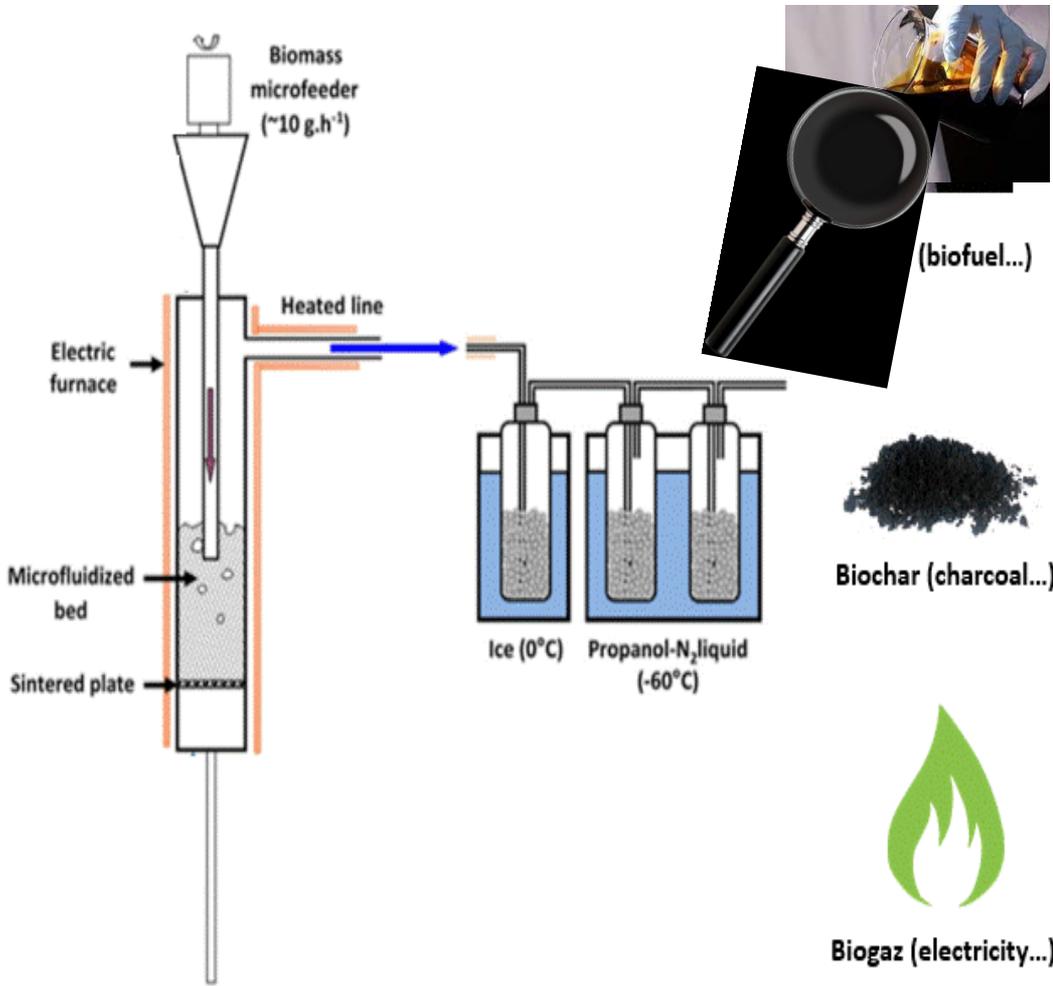


Nitrogen Flow

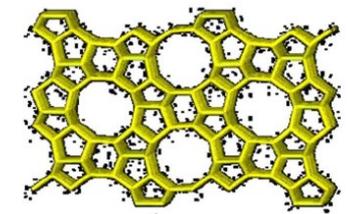
Nitrogen Flow



Nitrogen Flow

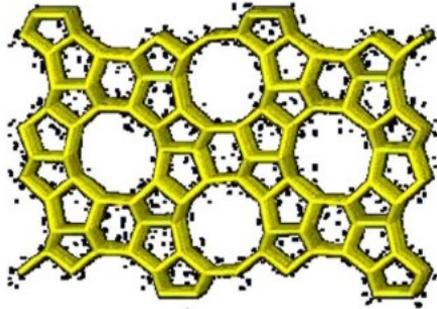


Crude oil



**Zeolite
Catalysis**

L. Jia et al., 'Fast Pyrolysis in a Microfluidized Bed Reactor: Effect of Biomass Properties and Operating Conditions on Volatiles Composition as Analyzed by Online Single Photoionization Mass Spectrometry', Energy Fuels, vol. 29, no. 11, pp. 7364–7374, Nov. 2015, doi: 10.1021/acs.energyfuels.5b01803.



Raw bio-oil



Parental zeolite



Parental HZSM-5 bio-oil



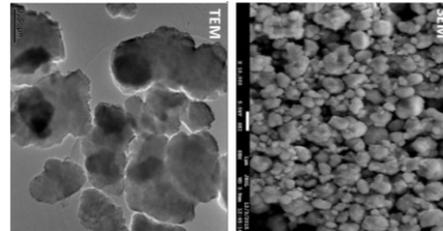
Hierarchical zeolite



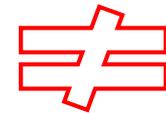
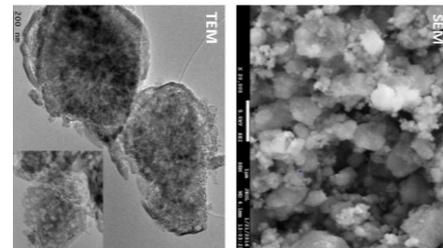
Hierarchical HZSM-5 bio-oil

Zeolite Socony Mobil-5 ZSM-5

Parental

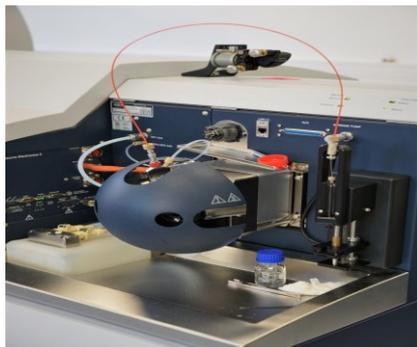


Hierarchical



Structural
(micropores and
mesopores)

FT-ICR MS – 7 Tesla 2w Bruker Solarix



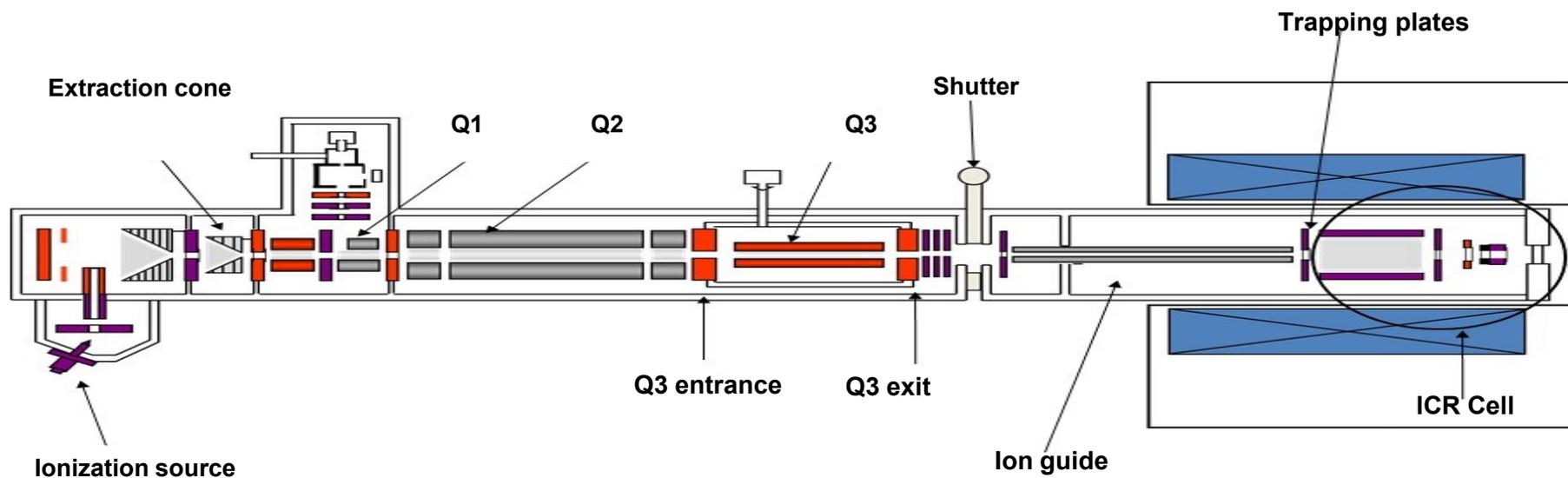
Ionization source

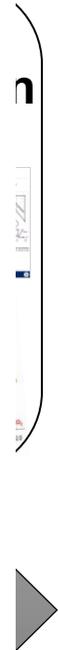
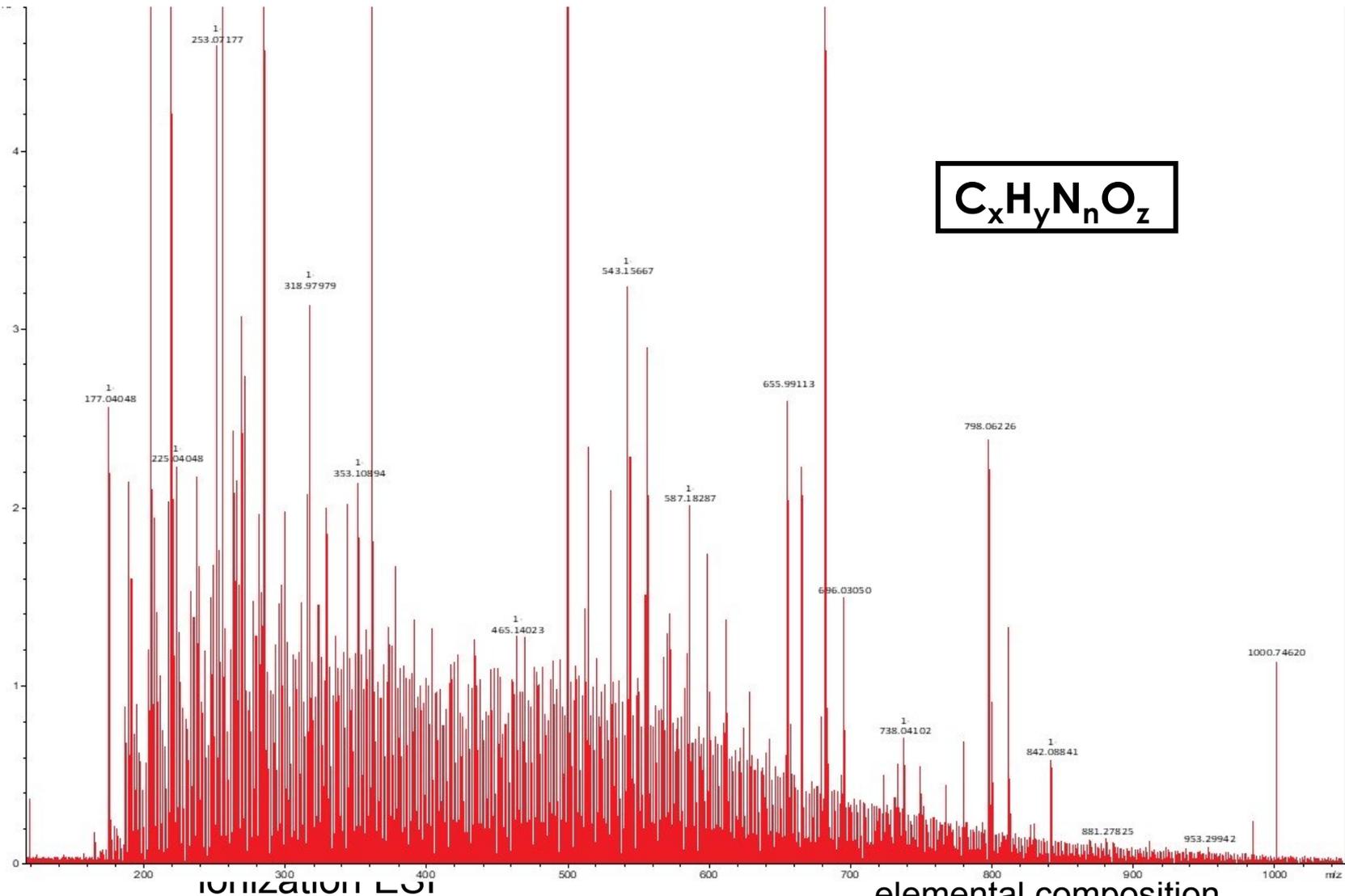


Ion guide

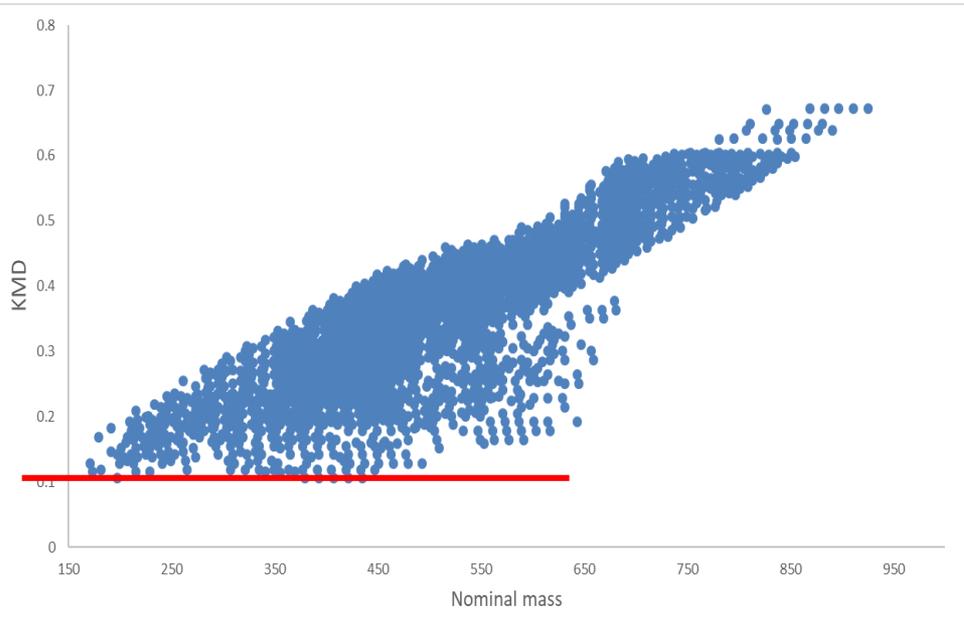


Paracell





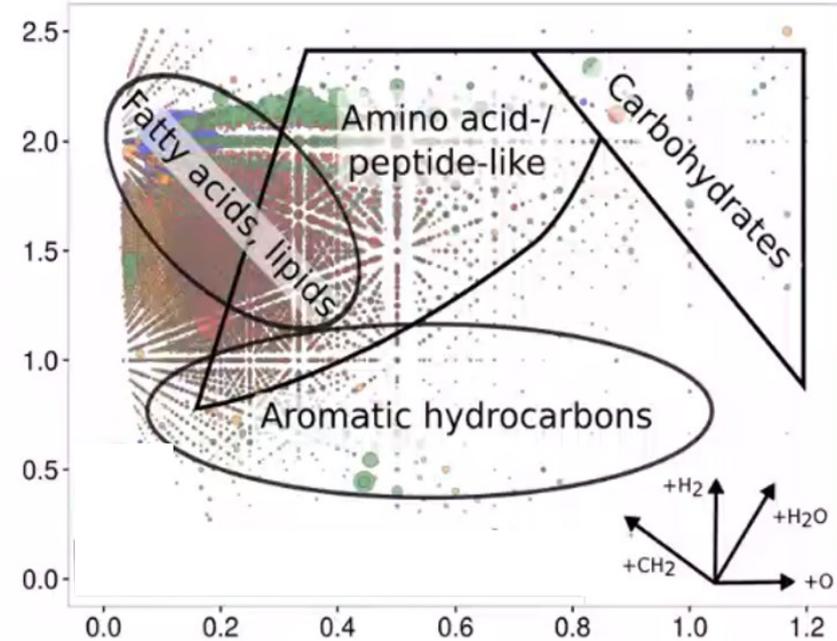
Kendrick maps



KMD Kendrick's mass defect :
 $KMD = \text{masse nominale} - KM$

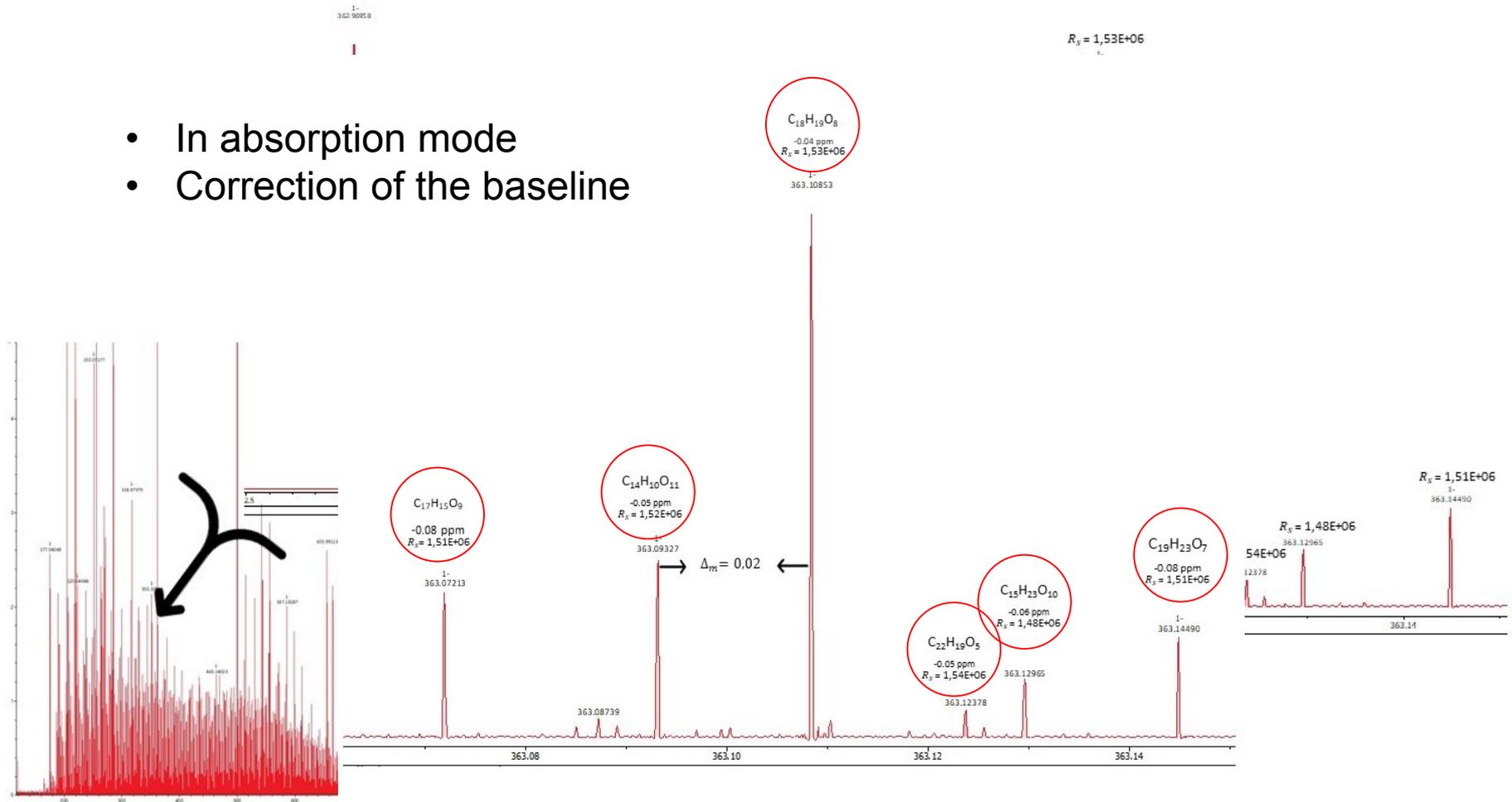
KM Kendrick's Mass :
 $KM = \text{masse exacte mesurée} \times \frac{14.00000}{14.01565}$

Van Krevlen



A. Ruf, L. L. S. D'Hendecourt, and P. Schmitt-Kopplin, 'Data-Driven Astrochemistry: One Step Further within the Origin of Life Puzzle', *Life*, vol. 8, no. 2, Art. no. 2, Jun. 2018, doi: 10.3390/life8020018

- In absorption mode
- Correction of the baseline

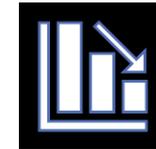


ESI in negative mode

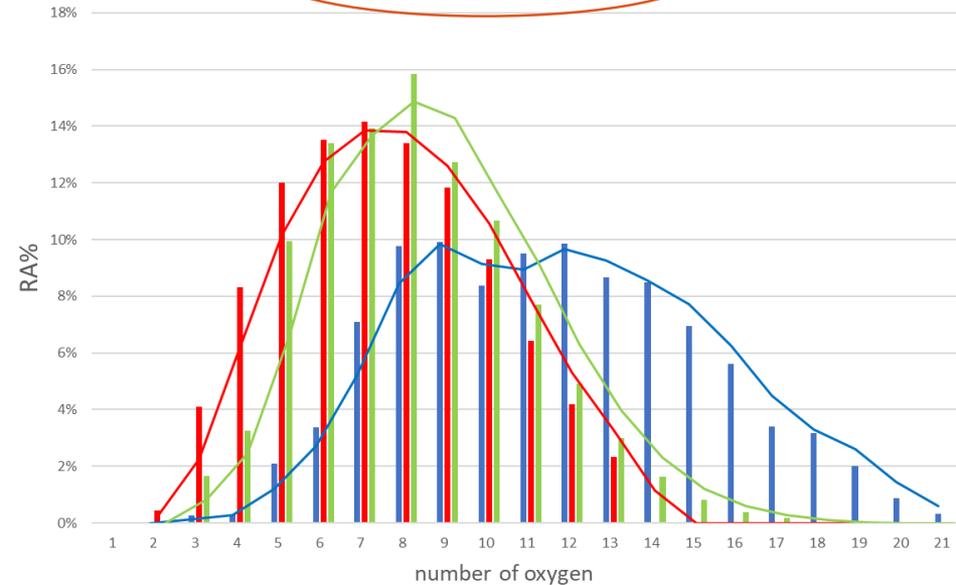


Ameliorated
BO

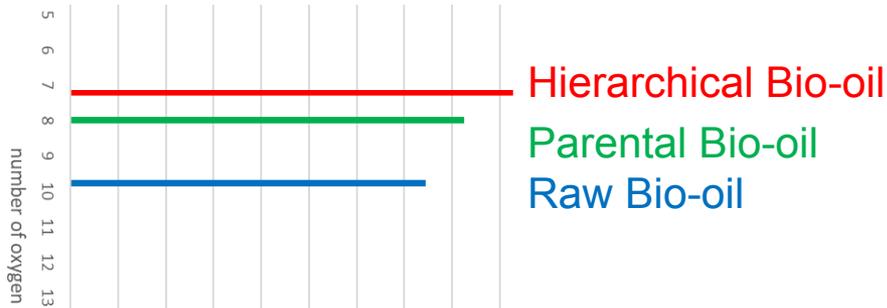
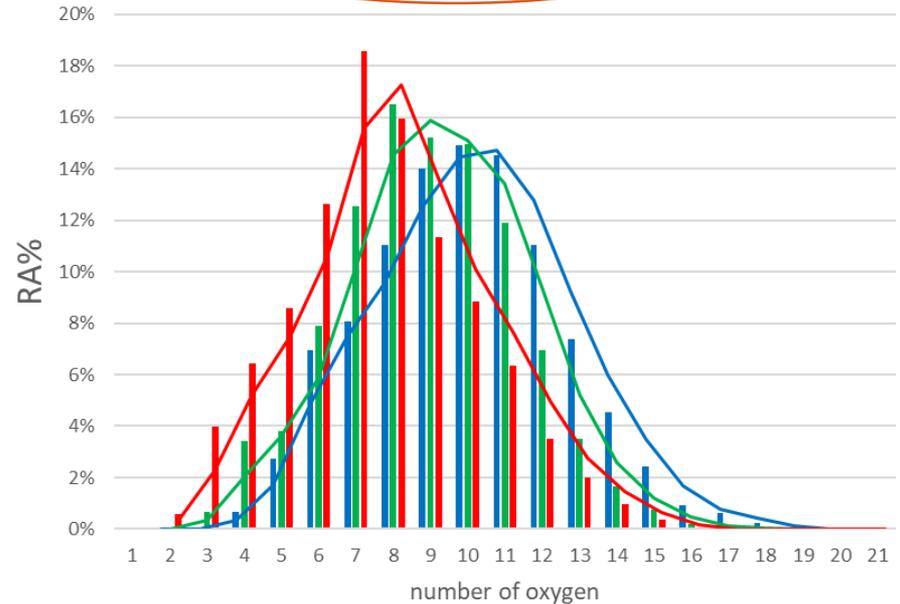
Intensity



Raw BO



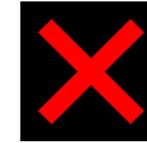
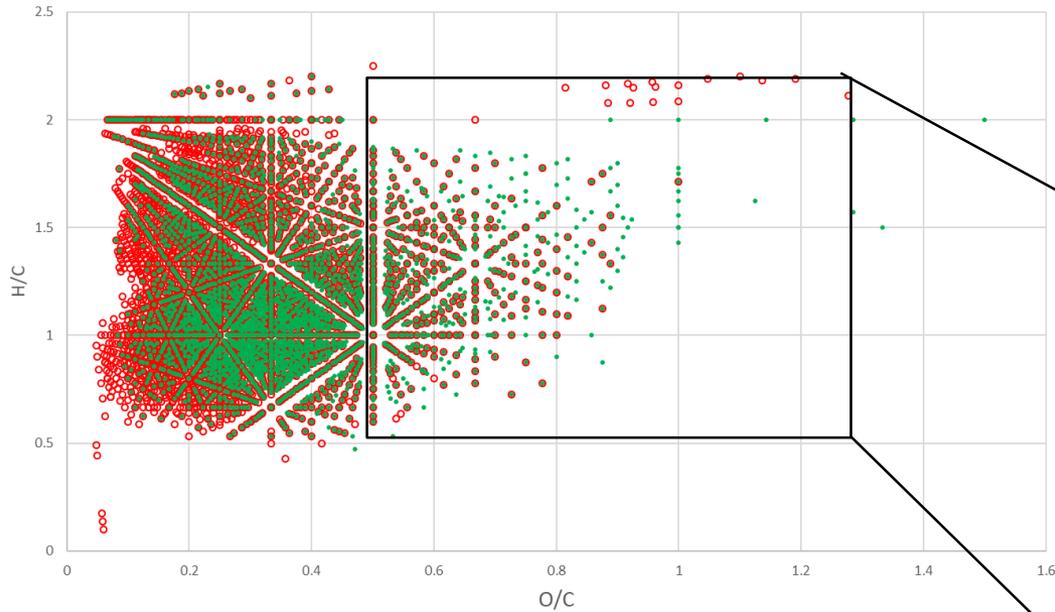
ESI in positive mode





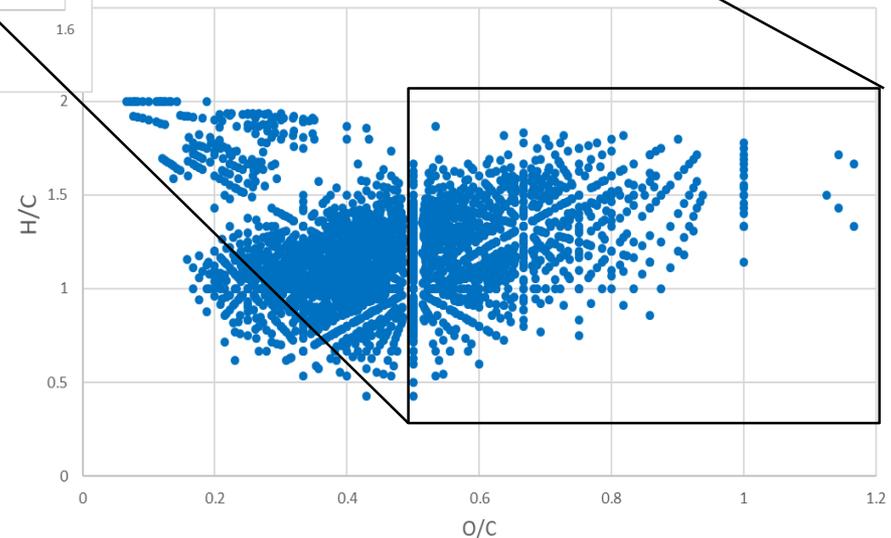
Results : graphic representation

Ameliorated bio-oils - negative mode



Cellulose and
Hemicellulose

Raw bio-oil - negative mode

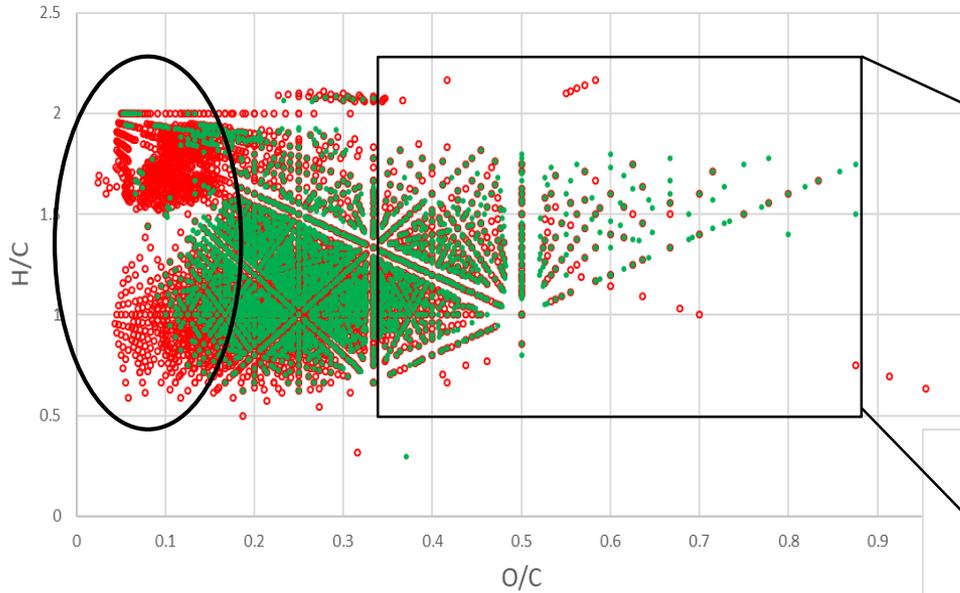


○ Hierarchical Bio-oil

● Parental Bio-oil

● Raw Bio-oil

Ameliorated bio-oil - positive mode



Cellulose and Hemicellulose

○ Hierarchical Bio-oil

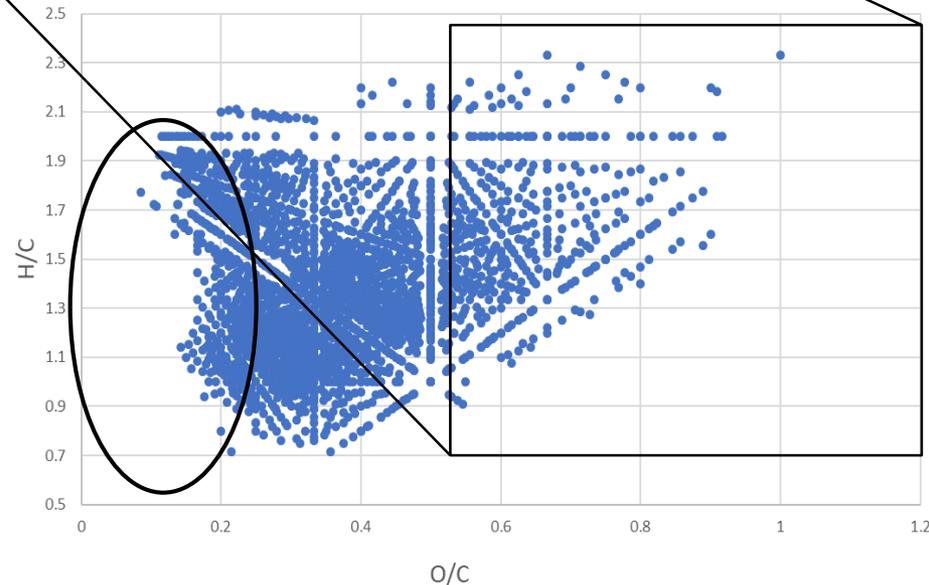
● Parental Bio-oil

● Raw Bio-oil



Polyaromatic compounds

Raw bio-oil - positive mode



ULTRA-HIGH RESOLUTION

HIGH ACCURACY OF MASS MEASUREMENT AND SENSIBILITY

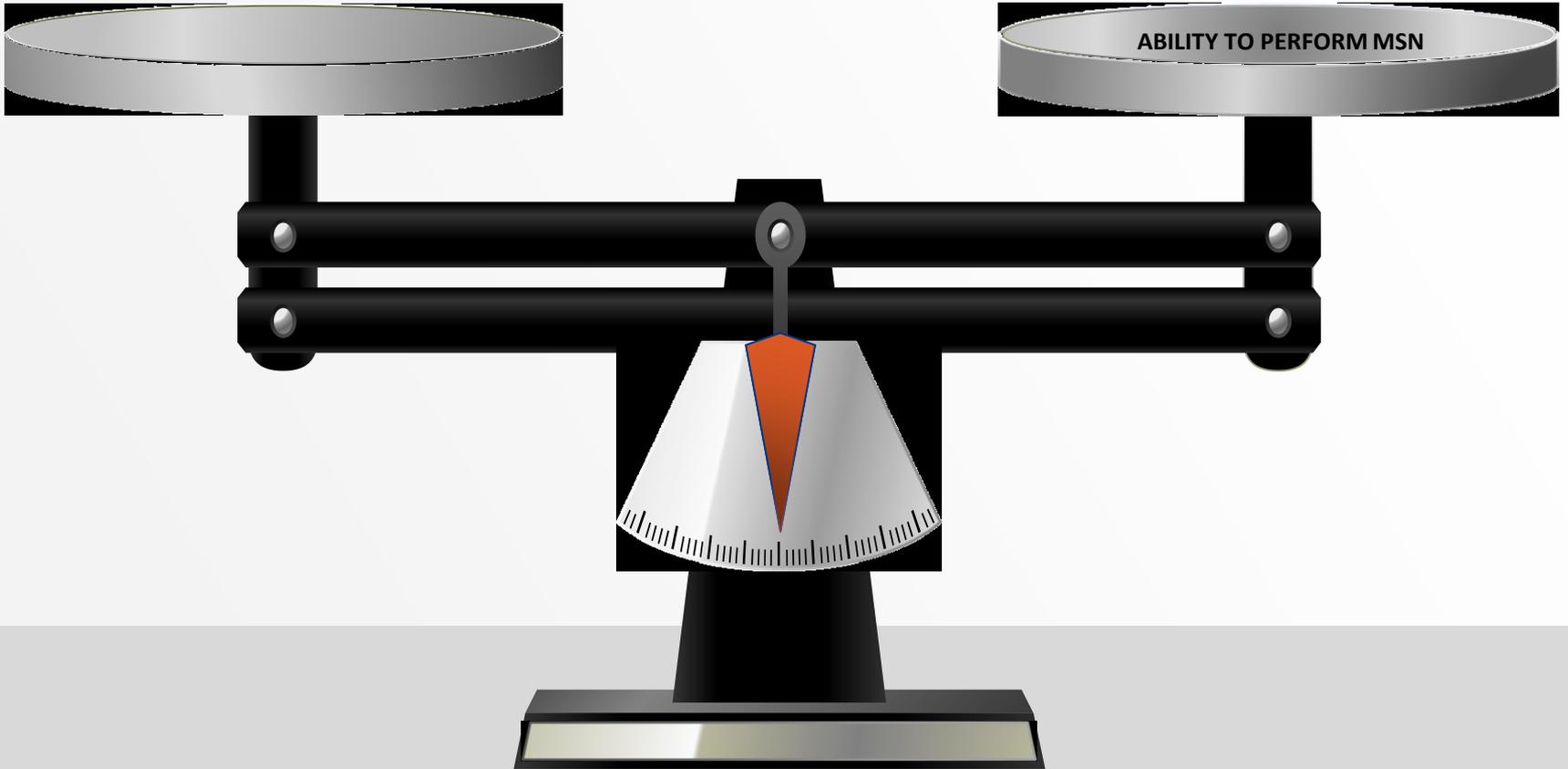
SHORT ANALYSIS TIME FOR HIGHLY COMPLEXE MIXTURES

HIGH CAPACITY OF THE NEW 2W TECHNOLOGY

ABILITY TO PERFORM MSN

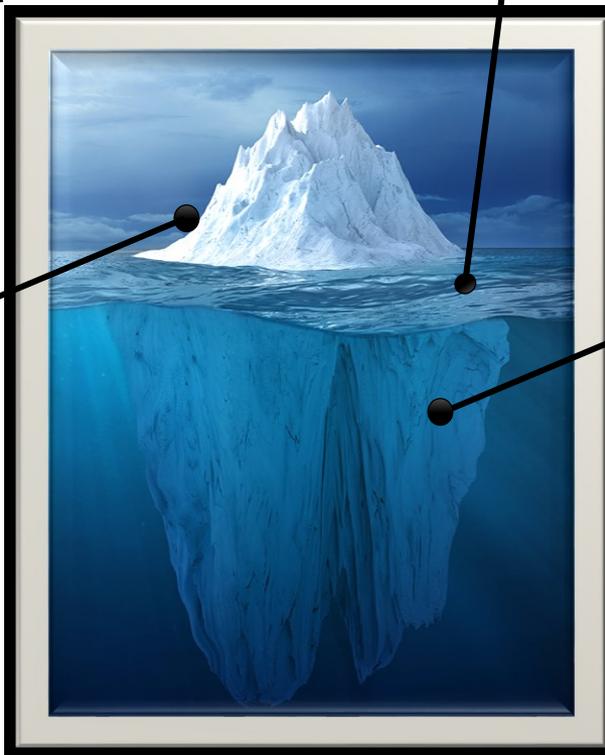
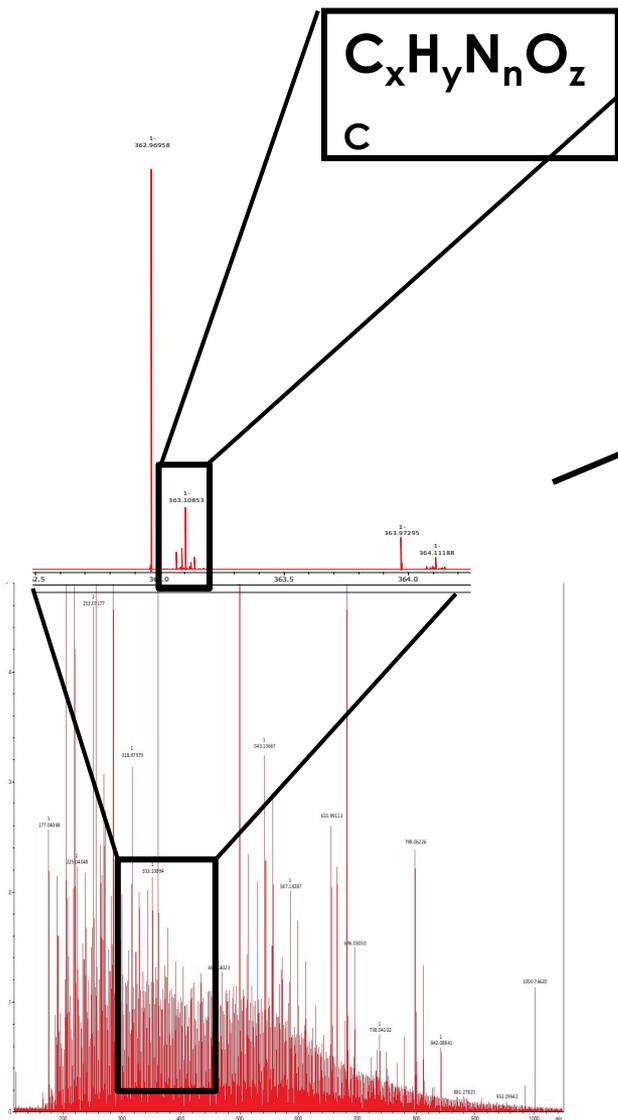
REQUIREMENT FOR A HIGH-FIELD SUPERCONDUCTING MAGNET

HIGH COSTS OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

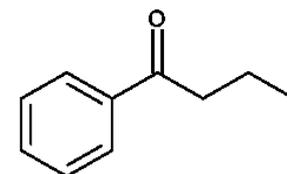
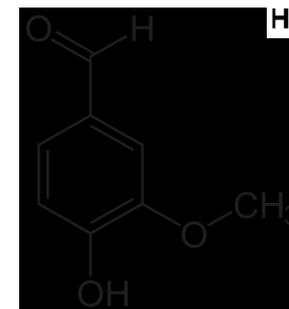
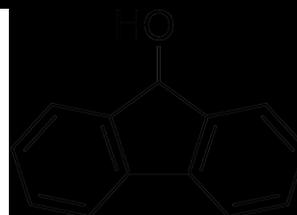
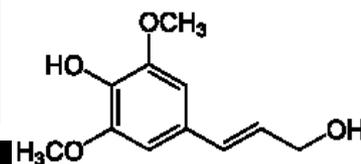
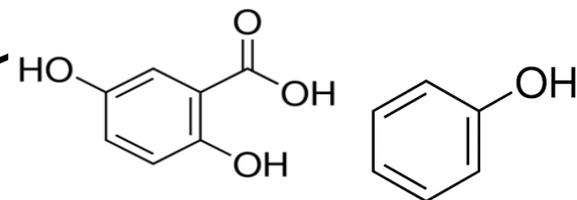


Advantage and disadvantage of FT ICR-MS 7T

Bio-oils

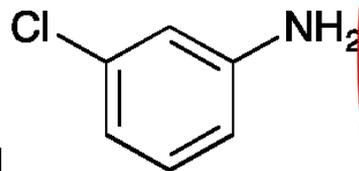
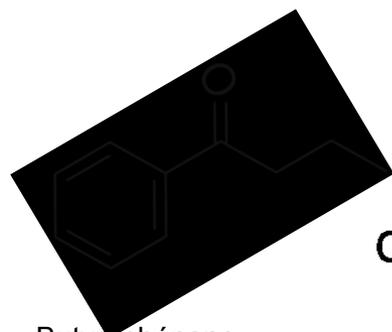
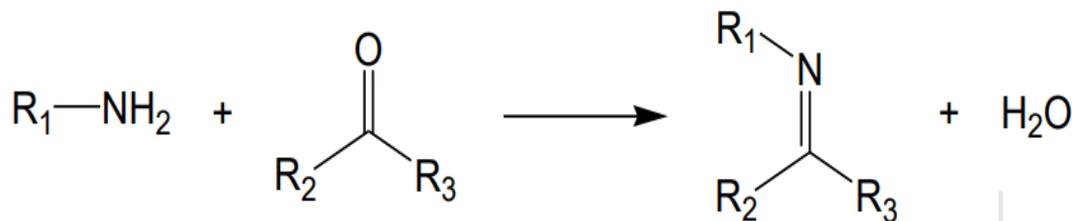


- Structure ?
- Functional groups ?

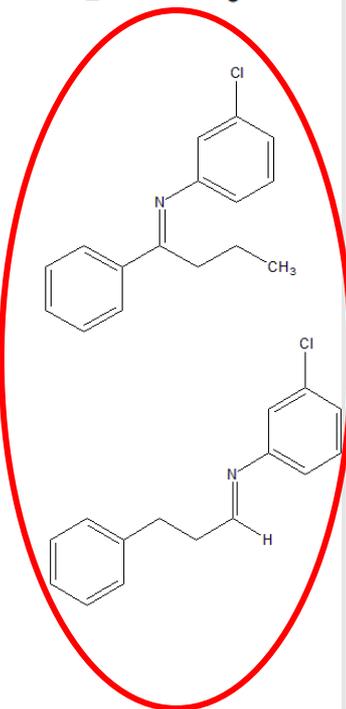




Derivatization



3-chloroaniline



Iminiums



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J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom. (2018) 29:543–557
DOI: 10.1007/s13361-017-1865-y

RESEARCH ARTICLE

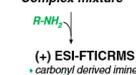
Semi-Targeted Analysis of Complex Matrices by ESI FT-ICR MS or How an Experimental Bias may be Used as an Analytical Tool

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Complex mixture



Abstract. Ammonia is well suited to favor deprotonation process in electrospray ionization mass spectrometry (ESI-MS) to increase the formation of $[M - H]^-$. Nevertheless, NH_3 may react with carbonyl compounds (aldehyde, ketone) and bias the composition description of the investigated sample. This is of significant importance in the study of complex mixture such as oil or bio-oil. To assess the ability of primary amines to form imines with carbonyl compounds during the ESI-MS process, two aldehydes (vanillin and cinnamaldehyde) and two ketones (butyrophenone and trihydroxyacetophenone) have been infused in an ESI source with ammonia and two different amines (aniline and 3-chloroaniline). The (+) ESI-MS analyses have demonstrated the formation of imine whatever the considered carbonyl compound and the used primary amine, the structure of which was extensively studied by tandem mass spectrometry. Thus, it has been established that the addition of ammonia, in the solution infused in an ESI source, may alter the composition description of a complex mixture and leads to misinterpretations due to the formation of imines. Nevertheless, this experimental bias can be used to identify the carbonyl compounds in a pyrolysis bio-oil. As we demonstrated, infusion of the bio-oil with 3-chloroaniline in ESI source leads to specifically derivatized carbonyl compounds. Thanks to their chlorine isotopic pattern and the high mass measurement accuracy, (+) ESI Fourier transform ion cyclotron resonance mass spectrometry (FT-ICR MS) unambiguously highlighted them from the numerous $C_8H_{10}O_2$ bio-oil components. These results offer a new perspective into the detailed molecular structure of complex mixtures such as bio-oils.

Keywords: Negative ESI, Imine formation, Analytical biases, Petroleum

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Level 3

2D FT Structural analysis with and without derivatization.

Level 4

Bio-oil characterization

Level 2

Specific derivatization of functional groups.

Level 1

FT-ICR MS FT performance in the analysis of raw and ameliorated bio oils and the effect of the catalyst



Thank you for your attention!



EU FT-ICR MS



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LIONEL VERNEX-LOSSET

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- Région Grand EST

JULIEN COMEL

CLARISSE GOSSET-ERRAD

THEO VOELLINGER



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PIERRE PACHOLSKI